Historical Root of HTML

- HTML Stands for Hyper Text Markup Language.
- Hypertext:- is ordinary text such as formatting, images, multimedia and links to other documents.
- Markup: is the process of taking ordinary text and adding extra symbols.
- Each of the symbol used for markup in HTML is command that tells the browser how to display the text.
- HTML is computer Language, related to computer programming languages like BASIC, C, and pascal.
- HTML has own syntax and rules for communication.

- In 1980.
- Tim Berners Lee a system to share documents.
- Later in 1989, he wrote a memo proposing on internet based hypertext System.
- Berners-Lee proposed HTML and wrote web browser and server software in 1990.
- In 1991 first version of HTML was available to public.
- In 199∕2 HTML 2.0 was made available to public.

- In 1997 HTML 3.7 was made available.
- In 1998 HTML 4.0 was made available
- HTML 5.0 was available in 2014.
- Every version of HTML is advanced them earlier version and contain additional features.
- HTML is a technology for world wide web (WWW).
- Web browser receive HTML documents from a webserver and render then into multimedia web pages.
- HTML is used with Cascading style sheet (CSS) and javaScript.

Advantages of HTML:-

- 1. for creating HTML document, what you need only text editor. No special software required.
- 2. HTML document can be created on any hardware platform using text editor.
- 3. you will have a much better concept of the structure of your page and understanding of how it works.
- 4. if something is not working, then finding error is easy in HTML
- 5. HTML will not cost you anything for its use. There are no expensive licenses to buy or no updates to purchase.
- 6. you can work independently.
- ► 7. Learning HTML is simple than any programing language.

